

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

LOCATIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS OF LODE PROSPECTS
IN THE LIVENGOOD AREA, EAST-CENTRAL ALASKA

By

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Introduction

Lode prospects (fig. 1) in the vicinity of Livengood, Alaska, are described in table 1, and analyses of rock samples from prospects 6 and 11 are given in table 2. These samples were collected from two exposures of altered and metallized bedrock in Lillian and Olive Creeks. Placer gold has been produced downstream from these exposures. Field work and analyses were done as part of the Heavy Metals Program of the U.S. Geological Survey.

The auriferous vein described from the right limit of Lillian Creek (6 of figure 1 and table 1) is economically unattractive on the basis of present information because of its limited width and discontinuity along strike. The presence of this vein does, however, indicate that the more favorable host rocks such as the auriferous silicified breccia (4 of figure 1 and table 1) and contiguous rocks in and along Ruth Creek within the Lillian Creek-Ruth Creek area warrant further investigation.

Bulk rock samples of propylitized porphyritic felsite from the northeasterly trending crushed and altered zone on Olive Creek (11 of figure 1 and table 1) contain anomalously high values of Be, Zn, Ba, B, Y, La, Zr, Sn, and Nb. An investigation of the extent of this hydro-thermally altered zone, its relationships to the adjacent country rock, and the distribution of metals within it are necessary to assess its importance.

Explanation for Table 1.

Metals

tr trace

Mineralogy

Geologic Notes

asp arsenopyrite

----- Dashed lines bracket
field and laboratory
observations.

calc calcite

cr chromite

Abbreviations used for publi-
cation series

chry chry

B U.S. Geological Survey
Bulletin

ci cinnabar

TDM Territory of Alaska
Department of Mines
Pamphlet

au gold

mag magnetite

mari mariposite

py pyrite

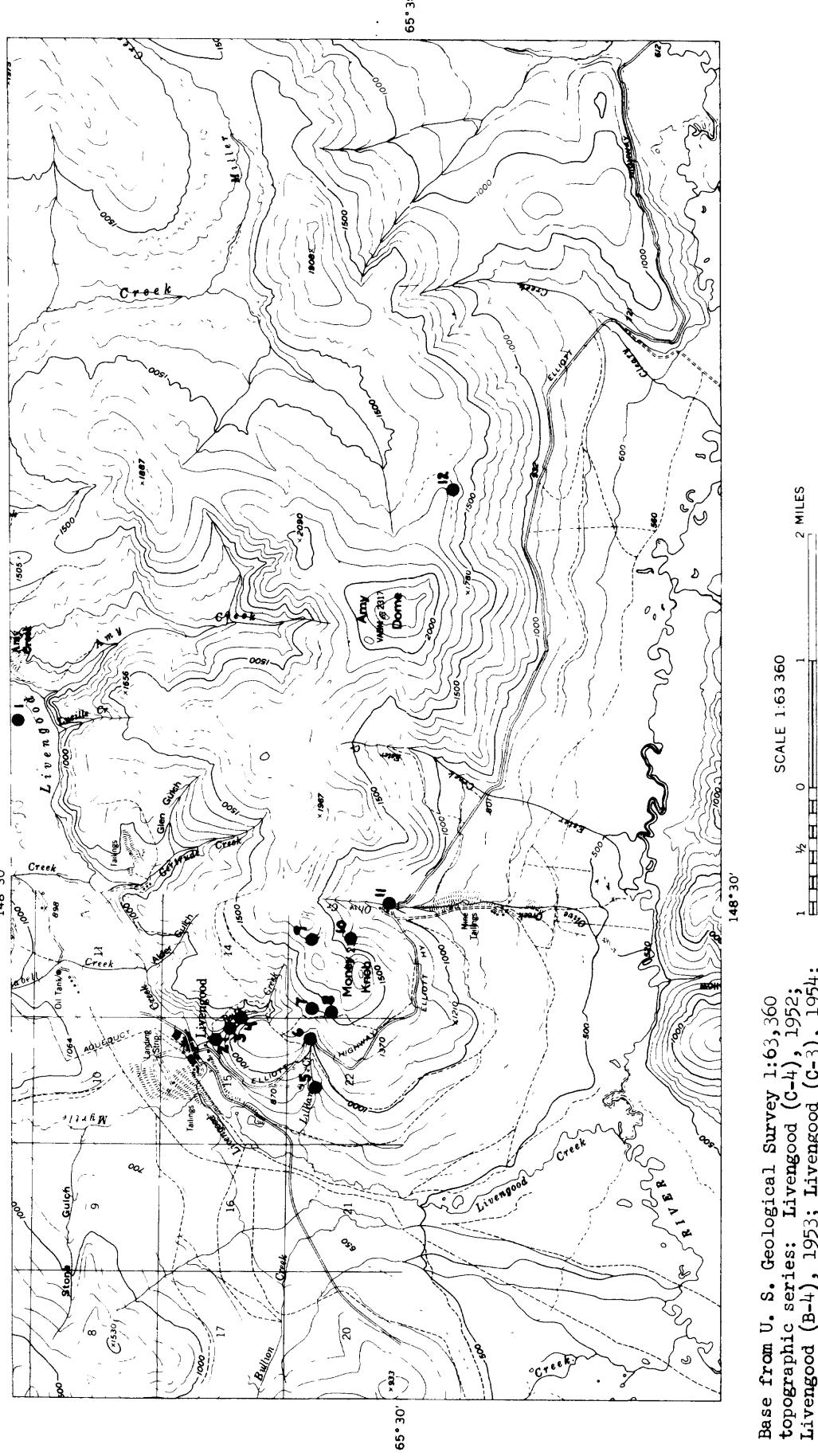
qtz quartz

sb stibnite

sulf unidentified sulfide(s)

Explanation

- Lode prospect



Base from U. S. Geological Survey 1:63,360 topographic series: Livengood (C-4), 1952; Livengood (B-4), 1953; Livengood (C-3), 1954; and Livengood (B-3), 1954. Compiled, Menlo Park, Base Map Unit, 2-24-67.

Figure 1--Map showing locations of lode prospects in the Livengood area, Alaska.

Table 1--Description of lode prospects in Livengood area, Alaska

Mine or Prospect Name	Claim(s) or Veins, Adits	Reference to some Past and Present Operators	Metals	Mineralogy	Geologic Notes	Attitudes	Faults, Crushed Zone(s)	Foliation, Bedding of Country Rock	Reference(s)
									Veins
1	Livengood Creek (approx. location)		Sb	sb	Stibnite vein apparently discovered while drift mining for placer gold on bench claim.	N. 65° W., vert.			TDM 1, p. 14 B 712, p. 183
2	Ruth Creek #1 (approx. location)		Cr	cr	Small excavation exposed body of chromeite in serpentinite.				B 662, p. 274 B 872, p. 210 TDM 1, p. 14-17
3	Ruth Creek #2	John Radak	Sb	sb	Stibnite vein exposed in placer cut.				TDM 2, p. 16
4	Ruth Creek #3		Au, Ag, Cr	qtz., calc., py, esp., au, cr, mar(?)	Numerous narrow (up to 3 inches) quartz stringers with continuous mineralized zones (up to 36 inches wide) occur in an altered, green-stained, dolomite-calcite-quartz-sulfide rock. Late calcite veins carry some gold and sulfide minerals.				B 662, p. 273-274 B 712, p. 183 B 872, p. 247
5	Lillian Creek #1 (approx. location)		Sb	sb	A few hundred feet northwest (down-stream) from the prominent slate outcrops in the floor of Ruth Creek an auriferous (0.96 oz./ton Au), brown, silicified breccia contains disseminated sulfides.				
6	Lillian Creek #2		Sb, Au, Hg	qtz., sb, ci, au	Stibnite vein exposed during placer operation.				B 662, p. 271 TDM 1, p. 14
7	Lillian Creek #3	George Griffin L. M. Miller	Hg	c1	Mineralized zone containing thin seams of stibnite and traces of cinnaabar and gold exposed in a cut bank on the north side of Lillian Creek.				TDM 1, p. 14
8	Griffin		Au, Ag(tr), Ni(tr)	qtz., esp(?)	Limonite-stained quartz-arsenopyrite veins (up to 4 inches wide) in altered, interbedded pelitic and arenaceous metasedimentary strata.				
9	Olive Creek #1	Ed Hudson	Hg	c1	Report of cinnaabar in decomposed granitic material at the head of Lillian Creek.				B 872, p. 247
10	Olive Creek #2	Hudson	Hg		Caved adit and pits expose green-stained quartz and silicified country rock.				
11	Olive Creek #3		Be, Nb, Zn, Ba, B, Y, La, Zr, Sn,	qtz., esp	Trenching in metasedimentary strata cross-cut by dikes and quartz veins.				B 662, p. 274 TDM 1, p. 26
12	Parker	Any 1-7	M, Cr	cr, mag, Ni-Pe alloy(tr), chry	Cinnabar in weathered granite rock.				
		Carl Parker			Crushed and altered (yellow-brown on weathered surface), sulfide-bearing polymictic igneous rock in brecciated chert country rock. This northeast-trending oxidized zone is approximately 220 feet wide, and separates altered volcanic rocks (southeast) from green schist-facies metasedimentary strata (northwest).				
					Nickeliferous alpine-type serpentinites with Ni distributed among silicates, spinel group mineral, sulfides, and sulfides. Values range up to 0.4% Ni for whole rock samples.				

Table 2.--Semiqualitative spectrographic analyses and gold analyses of rock samples from near Livengood, Alaska

Symbols used: \leq = less than; \geq = greater than

Spectrographic analyses by K. C. Watts

Gold analyzed by atomic absorption DCR-1, cold method; analyses by E. Martinez, T. Roemer, and R. Tripp

Gold analyzed by fire assay; analyses by W. D. Goss, J. E. Troxel, and C. Huffman

Locality	Field Tag No.	Mesoscopic Description of Sample	Mg percent	Ca percent	Fe percent	Th percent	$\text{Al}^{1/2}/\text{Au}^{1/2}$	$\text{Au}^{1/2}/\text{As}$	Sb ppm	W ppm	V ppm	Mo ppm	Ni ppm	Cr ppm	Ba ppm	Sr ppm	Pb ppm	B ppm	Mn ppm	Bi ppm	Cd ppm	Cu ppm	Y ppm	Zr ppm	Ag ppm	Ia ppm	Zn ppm	Sc ppm	Co ppm						
6	6AF-59	Limonite-arsenopyrite mass from quartz vein.	<.02	>20	.2	.002	15	7.2	>10000	1000	<50	<10	30	<10	10	5	300	2000	50	70	700	<10	1	<10	200	<20	1000	<.5	<20	300	15	5			
6	60	Unconsolidated limonite-quartz vein material.	.2	.7	.3	.1	<10	4.7	6.1	>10000	150	<50	700	<5	<10	15	10	700	700	70	20	500	<10	3	<10	200	<20	70	10	<.5	<20	300	10	<5	
11	52	Dark-brown stained, pyrite-bearing porphyritic felsite.	.2	5	.1	.5	<10	<.02	<200	<100	<50	<10	<5	<5	20	50	<100	30	200	100	<10	10	300	<20	30	>1000	<.5	150	<200	<5	<5				
11	53	Limonite-quartz vein	.2	5	<.05	.2	<10	<.02	500	150	<50	<10	<5	<10	<5	<10	<100	20	100	300	<10	3	200	150	<20	15	1000	<.5	70	<200	<5	<5			
11	54	Gray, porphyritic felsite with pyrite-quartz veinlets and disseminated pyrite.	.7	10	.2	.5	<10	<.02	<200	150	<50	<10	<5	<10	<5	<10	<100	70	700	<100	70	500	<100	<10	<10	30	100	<20	30	300	5	70	<200	<5	<5
11	55	Gray, porphyritic felsite with disseminated pyrite.	1	10	.2	.7	<10	<.02	<200	<100	<50	<10	<5	<10	<5	<10	<100	70	700	<100	70	3000	<10	2	50	100	<20	15	500	<.5	70	<200	<5	<5	
11	56	Gray, porphyritic felsite with disseminated pyrite.	1.5	10	.1	.3	<10	<.02	<200	<100	<50	<10	<5	<10	<5	<10	<100	100	100	150	1500	<10	20	200	<20	20	>1000	<.5	150	700	<5	<5			
11	57	Gray, porphyritic felsite-chert rock with disseminated pyrite.	1	7	.2	.3	<10	<.02	<200	<100	<50	<10	<5	<10	<5	<10	<100	100	100	300	700	<10	15	300	<20	100	>1000	<.5	150	500	<5	<5			
11	58	Unconsolidated limonitic material.	.2	7	.05	.3	<10	<.02	500	150	<50	<10	<5	<10	<5	<10	<100	50	500	<10	10	300	<20	10	>1000	<.5	150	300	5	<5					